

FibroMeter Ref.: 0904-1407-49B

Patient: James Jones

Date of birth: 01/01/1961

Date of the blood take: 19/02/2008

Prescriber: Dr. EXAMPLE Physician

University hospital

FR 49100 ANGERS France

Patient's age: 47.1 yrs

Gender: M

Blood tests results

Markers	Values	Comments
Platelets	339 G/l	The expert system has not found any marker potentially source of false positive or negative.
Prothrombin index	88 %	
ALT	20 UI/l	
AST	29 UI/l	
Bilirubin	7 µmol/l	
GGT	61 UI/L	
Urea	3.10 mmol/l	
Hyaluronic acid	58 µg/L	
Alpha 2 macroglobulin	2.57 g/l	

FibroMeter results

FibroMeter, score of fibrosis (scale: 0 to 1):

0.43
F1/2

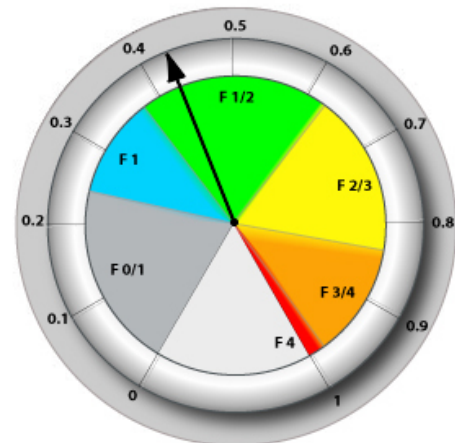
is equivalent to the following Metavir stage (scale: 0 to 4):

(See corresponding meter)

Results should be interpreted in accordance with the clinical past-history of the patient.

Additional results:

Confirmed presence of liver fibrosis.



Score of fibrosis

FibroMeter, area of fibrosis (scale: 2 to 42%):

8.1 %

gives the percentage of liver fibrosis in the liver

(See corresponding meter)

InflaMeter (scale: 0 to 1):

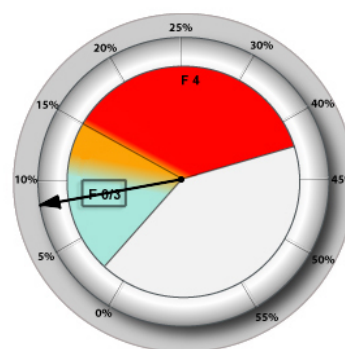
0.24

is equivalent to the following

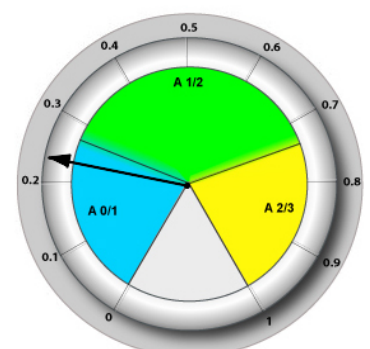
necrotico-inflammatory activity Metavir stage (scale: 0 to 3):

(See corresponding meter)

A0/1



Area of fibrosis



Activity grade

Interpretation - Blood tests allow an exploration of the functional state of fibrosis. As a consequence, because of their construction, they only reflect fibrosis, be it a lesion or morphological (F Metavir type), if the cause is present. Thus, they have diagnostic information. If the cause stops, blood tests decrease faster than the fibrosis lesions. In that case, they do not reflect the lesion but are a predictor of its regression. They, in that case, give prognostic information.

Expert system - FibroMeter V score of fibrosis is subject to validation by an "expert system". It detects most of the false negative and false positive results. It then gives a corrected result.

Precautions - Blood tests are an additional tool in the diagnosis. As for all medical tests, diagnostic accuracy is not 100%. Results should be confronted to other clinical and para-clinical data by the prescriber